

AMERICA PROMISES REPRISALS TO GERMANY

THREAT OF EXECUTION OF YANKEES ANSWERED.

Secretary of State Lansing
Says Hague Treaties Sanction
Use of Shotguns.

Washington, Oct. 1.—The American government, in reply to Germany's threat to execute American prisoners of war found in possession of shotguns, today gave notice that if Germany carries out any such threat suitable reprisals will be taken.

Secretary Lansing's reply made public today, declares that the use of shotguns is sanctioned by the Hague conventions, and that in comparison with other weapons now used in modern warfare the shotguns used by the American troops cannot be the subject of legitimate or reasonable protest.

"If the German government should carry out its threat in a single instance," says Secretary Lansing's reply, "it will be the right and duty of the United States to make such reprisals as will best protect the American forces, and notice is hereby given of the intention of the government of the United States to make such reprisals."

After acknowledging receipt of the memorandum submitted through the Swiss legation, communicating the

German protest, Secretary Lansing said:

"In reply to the German protest, the government of the United States has to say that the provision of the Hague convention, cited in the protest, does not, in its opinion, forbid the use of this kind of weapon. Moreover, in view of the history of the shotgun as a weapon of warfare, and in view of the well-known effects of its present use, in the light of a comparison of it with other weapons approved by warfare, the shotgun now in use by the American army cannot be the subject of legitimate reasonable protest.

"The government of the United States notes the threat of the German government to execute every prisoner of war found to have in his possession shotguns or shotgun ammunition. Notwithstanding this threat, inasmuch as the weapon is lawful and may be rightfully used, its use will not be abandoned by the American army. Moreover, if the German government should carry out its threat in a single instance, it will be the right and duty of the government of the United States to make such reprisals as will best protect the American forces, and notice is hereby given of the intention of the government of the United States to make such reprisals."

The article of The Hague convention on which Germany based its protest was

OFFICERS MURDERED.

London, Oct. 1.—(12:35 p.m.) Bulgarian officers who tried to stop the flight of their troops were murdered, it was learned from inhabitants of soil which their allies have overrun, the Serbian war office announced today.

In heavy fighting on Monday evening the allies captured Crnjava and Gradishte and the northern edge of the Cheva Polje.

that forbidding the employment of "arms, projectiles or materials calculated to cause unnecessary suffering."

Officials said the prohibition is directed not against efficiency in killing, wounding or injuring, but against cruelty and terrorism. Within such prohibited category, they said, falls chlorine gas, "mammuciferous" or sawtooth bayonets used by the Germans. The shotgun, it was contended, is exactly analogous to shrapnel shells discharging a multitude of small bullets, or a machine gun discharging a spray of pointed bullets.

In Repeating Raids. Officials said that nine bullets were used in each cartridge in the shotguns, and that the only instance where a shotgun projectile causes more injury to any one enemy soldier than would a rifle bullet are instances where the enemy soldier is approached so close to the shooter that he is struck by more than one bullet.

This, like the effect of the dispersion of bullets from a shrapnel shell, it is argued, is permissible either in behalf of the greater effectiveness or an unavoidable incident of the use of small, scattering projectiles for the necessary purpose of increasing the likelihood of killing a number of enemies.

So far as is known, shotguns have been employed by American troops in France only in police work and in repelling trench raids. Officers say they have been very effective in meeting enemy attacks because they furnish a scattering fire at point blank range and the roar of them alone is very hard on the morale of the troops against whom they are used. There is a possibility, it was said, that shotguns have been used in mopping up captured trenches but they have not been extensively distributed to the troops abroad, nor do they supplant any other weapon. They are viewed by some officers as an answer to the German gas grenades and flame throwers, use of which is specifically forbidden by the generally recognized rules of warfare.

ALLIES GAIN STRENGTH; HUN RESISTANCE LESS

NEW FRENCH GROUP JOINS CHAIN OF BATTLE.

Choking of Belgian Isthmus
Between Ardennes and Lem-
burg Would Be Fatal.

Paris, Oct. 1.—The allied offensive continues to gain strength and the German resistance to weaken. Yesterday saw another army, that of Gen. Berthelot, join in the chain of battle with the other groups. His army attacked along the Vesle river north-west of Rheims.

It was on the extreme wing of the battle line that the most important feature of the day's operations were to be found. The remarkable advance of the Belgian left covers the flank of the Second British army and permits it to advance safely to capture the crossings of the Lys river at Armentières, Comines, Quendard and Menin.

The British advance guards already hold two crossings and are approaching a third.

Once the Lys is crossed, Gen. Plumer, his flank protected, can push back to the Escaut, between Quendard and Tournai, and complete the envelopment of the Lille-Roubaix-Tourcoing region, which even now is gravely threatened.

Advance Toward Monthois. On the extreme right Gen. Gouraud's advance toward Monthois is important because that village is only a mile west of Charleville and the railroad which joins that locality to Apremont virtually has been cut. Grandpre, through which two German sections facing the French and American armies on either side of the Argonne forest must pass, is under an enfilading fire from French guns.

As a result the object for which the French and American armies are fighting is made easier for them. On the center the German resistance is desperate and progress is naturally slow, but Cambrai, St. Quentin and Le Cateau are to all intents and purposes taken. They have not been occupied because of mines and traps.

Bulgaria made a fatal error which brought about her overthrow. This was her persistence in keeping intact at all costs the "war map." The Bulgarians were not strong enough to hold 200 miles of front served by bad railroads and means of communication, all of which was bound to be cut by the rupture of the center.

Not Release "Pawns." This is exactly what the Germans are doing on the western front. As counter attacks against the allies at St. Quentin and Cambrai, which are to the advantage of the allies, for the more men the Germans lose in the present battlefields the fewer will remain to ward off the catastrophe when the hour of the great retreat strikes.

It is true there can be no comparison between the magnificent German communications and the wretched tracks behind the Bulgarians, but there is the Belgian isthmus between French Ardennes and Dutch Lemberg, the choking of which would be fatal. It is, therefore, unwise to ask if soon or later the Balkan debacle will not be repeated in the west.

PEACE DEMONSTRATION STAGED IN BERLIN STREETS

POLICE INTERVENE—RIOT- ERS DESTROY STATUES.

Bulgaria's Action Excites Ger-
man Exchange, Press Circles
and Officialdom.

London, Oct. 1.—A peace demonstration took place in Berlin on Saturday, according to news received here today. The cheering crowds assembled in front of the Bulgarian legation at the German capital, necessitating police intervention.

The rioters, according to the information, got the upper hand of the authorities and committed excesses. A number of statues in the Berlin squares were destroyed.

There is the greatest excitement in Germany over the defection of Bulgaria, judging from special dispatches received here from Holland. On Saturday the excitement amounted to a panic. According to some reports, the panic particularly affected the Berlin bourse where war industry stocks, it is said, slumped violently.

Panic Struck Parliament. Panic also struck parliament and newspaper circles and public offices. The alarm brought forth the instant demand that "something be done."

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from The Hague says the demand is for somebody possessing the confidence of the Germans and their allies to replace the present military oligarchy, but opinions clash regarding who this vague personality might be.

All reports indicate a decided cleavage between the junker and conservative classes and the class represented by the socialists and radicals, who, on this occasion, have the support of some centrists and even national liberals.

Diasteful to Junkers. Emperor William's belated anxiety for the people to co-operate in the government evidently will be distasteful to the junkers, one of whose foremost newspapers, the Kreuz Zeitung, declares that a dictatorship is the only possible alternative. On the other hand, the demand of the popular parties is for a popularly elective cabinet.

The effect of the resignations of Chancellor Von Hertling and Foreign Secretary Von Hintze on the public agitation is not yet reported. Nothing is known as to how the terms of the Bulgarian surrender have affected the German people, if they have been permitted to know the terms.

NEW PLANTS ORDERED.

Government Will Spend Large Sums in Building.
Washington, Oct. 1.—The war department today authorized the construction of the following plants:
Phosphorus plant, Fairmont, W. Va., at a cost of \$500,000, contract let to American Phosphorus company.
Tetrayl plant at Stinger, Mich., at a cost of \$250,000.

Additional warehouses at Rock Island, Ill., arsenals, at a cost of \$33,500.
Shops and warehouses at Camp Upton, N. Y., at a cost of \$128,650.

PLENTY OF PLANES.

De Havilland Four Plans Arriving in France Twenty a Day.

Washington, Oct. 1.—De Havilland four planes are arriving in France at the rate of approximately twenty per day and are performing excellent in combat. Maj. Gen. William L. Kenly, head of the air service, announced today.

The first De Havilland planes, equipped with Liberty motors, arrived at stations in France on May 12, 1918. On Aug. 20, they were arriving at the rate of twenty a day. The planes attain a speed of 130 miles per hour, and maintain an altitude of 10,000 feet in 10 minutes and 21 seconds, full load, without any special effort, it was stated.

The planes were able to loop, dive and "stunt" the planes as well as they could any chase planes. Of 750 planes built, and many of them in such bad condition that it had to be

HAVE DARK HAIR AND LOOK YOUNG

Nobody can Tell when you
Darken Gray, Faded Hair
with Sage Tea.

Grandmother kept her hair beautifully darkened, glossy and attractive with a brew of Sage Tea and Sulphur. Whenever her hair took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect. By asking at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound," you will get a large bottle of this old-time recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, all ready to use, for about 50 cents. This simple mixture can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says everybody uses Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound now because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied—it's so easy to use, too. You simply dampen a comb or soft brush and draw it through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears; after another application or two, it is restored to its natural color and looks glossy, soft and beautiful. This preparation is a delightful toilet requisite. It is not intended for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.—(Adv.)

Calomel Today! Sick Tomorrow! I Guarantee Dodson's Liver Tone

Don't take nasty, dangerous calomel when bilious, constipated, headachy. Listen to me!

Calomel makes you sick, you lose a day's work. Calomel is quicksilver and it salivates; calomel injures your liver. If you are bilious, feel lazy, sluggish and all knocked out, if your bowels are constipated and your head aches or stomach is sour, just take a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone instead of using sickening, salivating calomel. Dodson's Liver Tone is real liver medicine. You'll know it next morning because you will wake up feeling fine, your liver will be working, your headache and dizziness gone, your stomach will be sweet and bowels regular. You will feel like working. You'll be cheerful; full of vigor and ambition.

Your druggist or dealer sells you a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone under my personal guarantee that it

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All These Boys Need Is Your Financial Support

—Every one of these boys needs your financial support. Buy Bonds —all you can afford.

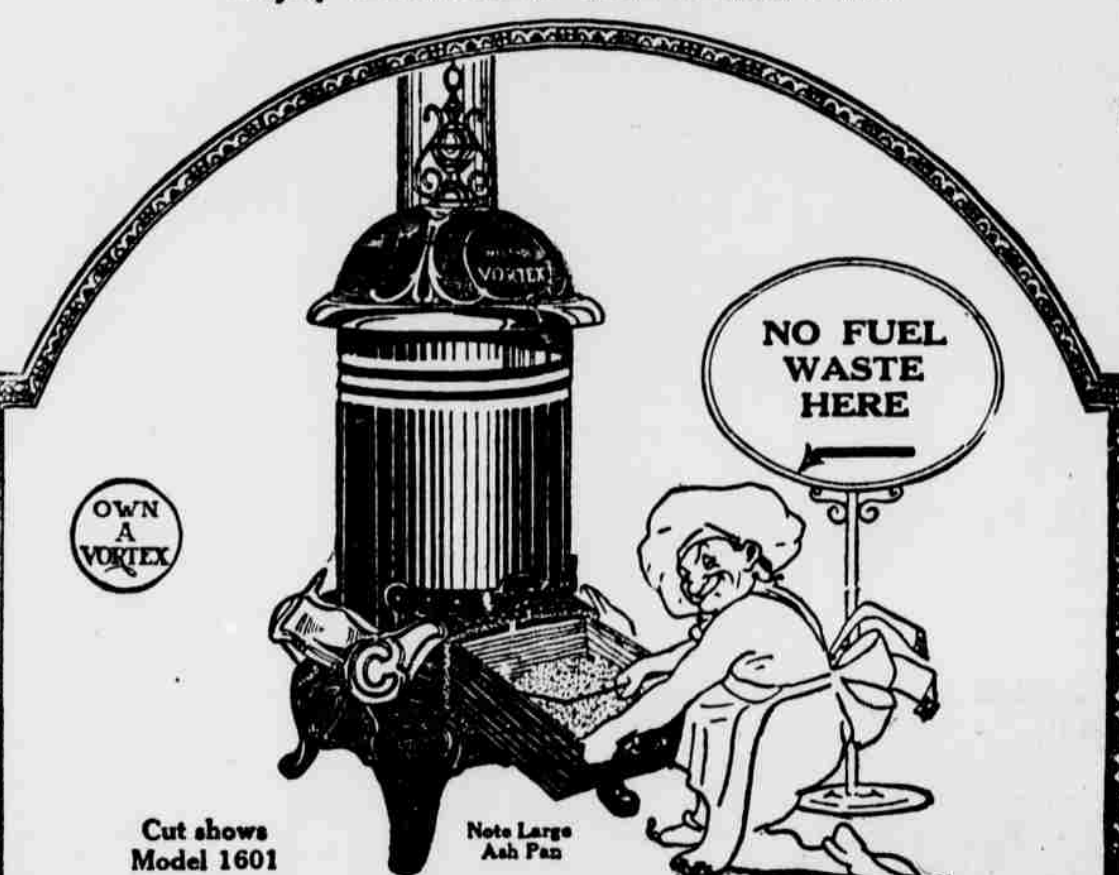
—Every dollar helps lick the Kaiser. Every dollar goes to back up our boys in their drive to the Rhine.

—Do you dare to question the need? Are you un-American enough to delay? Get busy, buy! Buy again—and again!

Model Dry Cleaning Company

BUY MORE LIBERTY BONDS

Enjoy Yourself at the District Fair.



Vortex Stops Fuel Waste in Ash

LACK of proper air supply causes partially burned fuel to escape in the ash pan. Heating plants and stoves generally starve the fire and cause large waste of fuel. You can stop this fuel extravagance with the remarkable

Vortex Double Down Draft Heater

Vortex Heaters supply the scientific and correct amount of air through the double blast tubes that force the heat out into the room through the steel body. Vortex scientific air supply decreases ash, saves waste gases, cleanses the smoke and makes

BIG SAVINGS IN FUEL

The Fuel the Vortex Heater Will Save You This Winter Will Buy a Liberty Bond.

No. 25

Cut shows Model 1601

Note Large Ash Pan

Cut No. 227

701-703-705-707 Broad Street

Sterchi Bros.



Their Medicine Chest For 20 Years

IT is characteristic of folks after they pass the allotted "three score years and ten" to look back over the days that are gone and thoughtfully live them over.

I find myself, at seventy-one, frequently drifting back a quarter of a century, when I see myself in the little drug store I owned at Bolivar, Mo., making and selling a vegetable compound to my friends and customers—what was then known only as Dr. Lewis' Medicine for Coughs, Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, etc.

For many years while I was perfecting my formula I studied and investigated the laxatives and cathartics on the market and became convinced that their main fault was not that they did not act on the bowels, but that their action was too violent and drastic, and upset the system of the user; which was due to the fact that they were not thorough enough in their action, some simply acting on the upper or small intestine, while others would act only on the lower or large intestine, and that they almost invariably produced a habit requiring suggested doses.

I believed that a preparation to produce the best effect must first tone the liver, then act on the stomach and entire alimentary system. If this was accomplished, the medicine would produce a mild, but thorough elimination of the bowels without the usual sickening sensations, and make the user feel better at once.

After experimenting with hundreds of different compounds, I at last discovered the formula that is now known as Nature's Remedy, which I truly believe does further

and does more than any laxative on the market. The thousands of letters from users have convinced me I was right, and that the user of Nature's Remedy as a family medicine, even though he may have used it for twenty-five years, never has to increase the dose.

My knowledge of medicine and the results of its use in my own family and among my friends, before I ever offered it for sale, caused me to have great faith in Nature's Remedy from the very first. And now as I find myself nearing the age when I must bow to the inevitable and go to another life, my greatest pleasure is to sit each day and read the letters that each mail brings from people as old or older than I, who tell of having used Nature's Remedy for ten, fifteen and twenty years and how they and their children and grandchildren have been benefited by it. It is a comforting thought, my friends, for a man at my age to feel that aside from his own success, one has done something for his fellow man. My greatest satisfaction, my greatest happiness today, is the knowledge that tonight more than one million people will take a Nature's Remedy (N.R. Tablet) and will be better, healthier, happier people for it. I hope you will be one of them.

At the Lewis' Pres.

A. H. LEWIS MEDICINE CO., ST. LOUIS, MO.

JO ANDERSON, Druggist—Eighth and Market Streets
LIVE & LET LIVE DRUG STORE—7th and Market Sts.
PRICE MILLER DRUG CO.—Main and Rossville Ave.
READ HOUSE DRUG STORE—9th & Chestnut Sts.
STONG BROS., Druggists—Chattanooga, Tenn.

NR Tonight—
Tomorrow Feel Right
Get a 25¢ Box

25 TABLETS—NR

Edwards & Lebron

JEWELERS

NOVEL GIFTS...

—BE CURIOUS—Our Giftbook is just brimming over with unique little creations; useful trinkets that strain the imagination to conceive. They make splendid gifts for soldiers and war-time Christmas presents which you should be buying NOW.

VISIT THE FAIR

—The Hallmark Store

Buy a Bond

Help Them "Carry on"

Buy a Bond. Keep them moving toward Germany and into it—back up your boys with whole financial might.

Don't quibble. Don't just buy to wear a button. Buy to the absolute limit to be sure you haven't under bought.

Go to your Bank. Go to your Bond House. Go to any Liberty Bond Salesman or Saleswoman. And Buy! Buy!! Buy!!!

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